

# KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA MALLESWARAM

## SUMMER VACATION HOLIDAYS HOMEWORK

### CLASS 8

### SOCIAL SCIENCE

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1. Prepare a Model on Soil Profile.
2. What is Corona Virus? How does it spread? Explain it. Collect information about Corona Virus.  
Students will collect information from various sources.
3. List all the Policies of East India Company.
4. Collect information about a Historical monument and Prepare a Report on it.
5. Draw the picture and make a collage on Conservation of Wild Life.
6. State some of the steps that Government has taken to conserve Plants and Animals.
7. Write five news items every week from the newspaper Concerning, history, Politics, earth facts or Enviroment.
8. . Make an assignment on public and private health care centers.
9. Locate the states and capitals, union territories in physical map of India and learn it
10. Make a chart of the Rulers of Delhi according to the time period and make a list of historical monuments which are prepared by Mughals.

**WORK SHEET**  
**SUBJECT- SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**Unit-III Chapter-1 : The Constitution of India**

**CLASS- VIII**

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**Q.1 Fill in the blanks to complete the Preamble to the Indian Constitution.**

We, \_\_\_\_\_, having solemnly resolved to constitute \_\_\_\_\_ into  
a \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ and to secure to its  
citizens ;

\_\_\_\_\_ social, economic and political;

Liberty of \_\_\_\_\_;

\_\_\_\_\_ of status and opportunity;

And to promote among them all \_\_\_\_\_ assuring the dignity of individuals and the \_\_\_\_\_  
and \_\_\_\_\_ of the nation.

**2. Identify the features of the Constitution from the following statements.**

- a.) There are two levels of government.
- b.) President of the country is the constitutional head.
- c.) To guarantee the citizens certain written rights.
- d.) Citizens have complete freedom to follow any religion.
- e.) Wealth should be shared equally by the society.
- f.) An independent nation which has the right to take its own decision.

**3. Identify the terms.**

- a.) The organ of the state, which resolves disputes and maintains order.
- b.) The assembly of elected representatives which legislates.
- c.) An introductory statement in the constitution.
- d.) Every adult citizen irrespective of his/her religion, caste, language, wealth, sex can vote.
- e.) The guidelines written in the constitution for gradual translation of ideals into laws.

**4. Unscramble the following.**

- a.) rafetnrty
- b.) udyt
- c.) imoniry
- d.) eextcuvie
- e.) otve
- f.) alrapinemtrya
- g.) rempalbe

**5. Give reasons**

- a) Our constitution upholds the ideal of socialism.
- b) Elections are held regularly in a democracy.
- c.) India is a democratic-republic country.
- d.) A country must have a constitution.
- e.) It is important to promote fraternity in India.



## History

### What, Where, How and When

1. The Industrial revolution began in \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The spinning Jenny was invented by \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Production of goods with the help of machines was called \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Russian revolution of 1917 resulted in the overthrow of \_\_\_\_\_.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ was the first movement in the world where the people asserted their rights to rule themselves.
6. The \_\_\_\_\_ ruled over 13 colonies in North America.
7. The storming of Bastille marked the beginning of \_\_\_\_\_ revolution.
8. The \_\_\_\_\_ were the people who owned factories.
9. The treaty of Paris was signed in \_\_\_\_\_.
10. The ideas of Karl Marx and Frederich Engles were put in to practice by \_\_\_\_\_.

### What , Where , How and When ?

1. The Modern period in India began in the \_\_\_\_\_ century.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is a place where documents are kept.
3. The production of goods with the help of machines in factories is known as \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Spinning Jenny was invented by \_\_\_\_\_.
5. In 19<sup>th</sup> century, workers began to organize themselves into association called \_\_\_\_\_ to protect their interests.
6. Karl Marx and Frederich Engels jointly wrote the pamphlet called the \_\_\_\_\_.
7. The Russian revolution resulted in the over throw of the autocratic rule of the \_\_\_\_\_.

**FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT NO.2**  
**ASSIGNMENT NO.1**

**CHAPTER 1: Resources**

- Q1. Define resources?
- Q2. What are natural resources?
- Q3. Classify the resources on the basis of origin?
- Q4. What are renewable and non renewable resources ?
- Q5. Define sustainable development?
- Q6. Why should we conserve resources?
- Q7 Give 2 examples of potential resources?
- Q8. What are man made resources?
- Q9. How are man made resources important?
- Q10 Differentiate between renewable and non renewable resources?
- Q11. Why is land an important resource for human beings?
- Q12. Briefly describe the different type of renewable resources why do we need them?

## FROM TRADE TO TERRITORY

Fill in the blanks:

1. \_\_\_\_\_ was the last powerful Mughal ruler.
2. By the second half of 18<sup>th</sup> Century, new political power came to India \_\_\_\_\_
3. When 1857 revolt broke \_\_\_\_\_ was the Mughal emperor.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ was a Portuguese explorer who had discovered sea route to India in \_\_\_\_\_.
5. A royal order granting the company the right to trade duty free is called \_\_\_\_\_.
6. The battle of Plassey was fought between \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ in 1757.
7. In battle of Plassey, the Bengal forces was led by \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Battle of Buxar was fought in \_\_\_\_\_ year between company and \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Tippu sultan was called as \_\_\_\_\_
10. Two famous Maratha soldiers and statesman were \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
11. Series of war between Marthas and Britishers
  - Ist War \_\_\_\_\_
  - IInd War \_\_\_\_\_
  - IIIrd War \_\_\_\_\_
12. Lord Hastings introduced a new policy called \_\_\_\_\_.